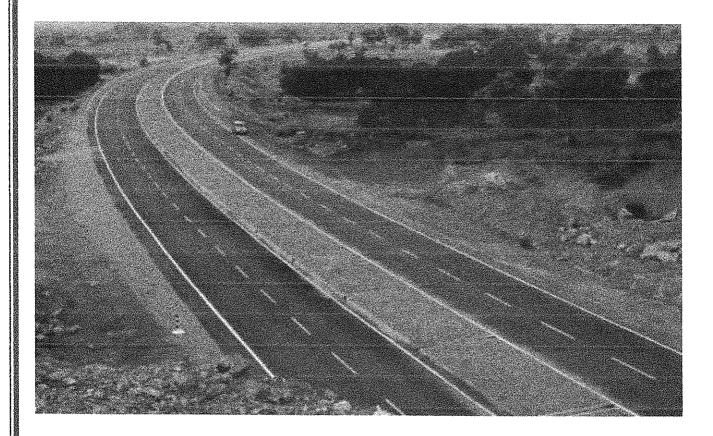
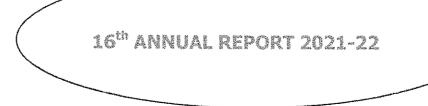


GAYATRI LALITPUR ROADWAYS LIMITED



"Infrastructure is the life line of an economy and we add our bit to it"



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Chairman	DIN: 00012927
Mr. Narayanan Gopalakrishnan	Nominee Director	DIN: 05166322
Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Independent Director	DIN: 08661228
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	Independent Director	DIN: 07175777

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Rautan Singh

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ashish Sharma

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. U. Nagendra Varma

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	- Chairman
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	- Member
Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	- Member

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	- Chairman
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	- Member
Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	- Member

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPOSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	- Chairman
Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	- Member
Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta	- Member

AUDITORS

M/s. N. C. Mittal & Co Chartered Accountants Behl House, 13, Daryaganj New Delhi – 110002

BANKERS & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

IDFC First Bank Ltd. (IDFC) Canara Bank Punjab National Bank Punjab National Bank (e-United Bank of India) India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited (IIFCL)

REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

M/s. Bigshare Services Private Limited 306, Right Wing, Amrutha Ville Opp. Yashoda Hospital, Somajiguda, Rajbhavan Road, Hyderabad-500082, Telangana -India.

REGISTERED & CORPORATE OFFICE

6-3-1090, T.S.R Towers, Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad – 500 082, Telangana. Tel: +91-40-23310330, 23314284 Fax: +91-40-23398435 Email: <u>ghl@gayatrihighways.com</u>

CIN: U45203TG2006PLC050554

CONCESSIONING AUTHORITY

NATIONAL HIGHWAYS AUTHORITY OF INDIA G – 5 & 6, Sector – 10, Dwarka, New Delhi – 110 075 **BOARD'S REPORT**

То

The Members,

Your Board of Directors have immense pleasure in presenting the 16th Annual Report of your Company and is prepared based on the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

1. STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS (a) FINANCIAL SUMMARY:

The following table depicts the financial results of your Company for the year ending 31st March 2022:

S. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2022 (Rs. in lac)	For the year ended 31.03.2021 (Rs. in lac)
1)	INCOME		
	Revenue from operations	1118.39	1101.10
	Other income	131.97	241.68
	Finance income	2471.54	2668.68
	TOTAL	3721.90	4011.46
2)	EXPENDITURE		
	Employee Benefits Expense	155.05	134.18
	Finance Costs	913.53	1223.32
	Depreciation & Amortization expense	0.37	0.12
	Other Expenses	2005.40	1521.70
	TOTAL	3074.35	2879.33
3)	Profit/(Loss) before tax from continuing operations	647.55	1132.13
	- Current Tax	127.21	214.31
	- MAT Credit Entitlement	(113.14)	(214.31)
4)	Profit / (Loss) for the year	633.48	1132.13
	Other comprehensive income	0.46	(0.71)
5)	Total comprehensive income for the year	(224.60)	1131.43
	Earnings per Share – Basic & Diluted	(0.71)	3.56

(b) O&M WORKS AT THE PROJECT SITE:

Your Company is regularly doing the Operations & Maintenance of the Project Highway as per the stipulations under the Concession Agreement.

(c) 2nd MAJOR MAINTENANCE WORK:

Your Company has completed the Second Major Maintenance work in April 2022 and the letter of completion is issued by the Independent Engineer vide their letter dated 5th May 2022.

Rs. in Crores

(d) ANNUITY RECEIPTS FROM NHAI:

During the Financial Year 2021-22, your Company has received 24th Annuity and 25th Annuity from NHAI without any delay as per the following table:

S.	Particulars of Annuity	24 th Annuity	25 th Annuity
No.		Due on 27.09.2021	Due on 27.03.2022
1	Gross Annuity Amount	23,95,00,000	23,95,00,000
2	Less: TDS recovered	47,90,000	47,90,000
3	Net Annuity Receivable	23,47,10,000	23,47,10,000
4	Annuity Received on 27.09.2021	23,47,10,000	
5	Annuity Received on 28.03.2022		23,47,10,000

The Annuity amounts are being utilized to meet O&M Expenses, debt-servicing obligations, i.e. payment of Interest on Term Loans and repayment of Principal Installments, Major Maintenance Expenses, administrative expenses and other project related costs.

(e) TERM LOANS AND INTEREST THEREON:

During the financial year under review, your Company was regular in servicing interest on Term Loans, due to regular receipt of Annuity from NHAI.

S. No.	Name of the Lender	Sanctioned	Disbursed	Repayment	Outstanding
1	IDFC First Bank - Sr Debt	32.57	32.08	19.90	12.18
2	IDFC Frist Bank - Sub Debt	19.00	18.71	10.13	8.58
3	Canara Bank	50.00	48.24	30.65	17.59
4	Punjab National Bank	50.00	49.24	31.04	18.20
5	Punjab National Bank (e-United Bank of India)	50.00	49.24	31.03	18.21
6	IIFCL	51.00	50.23	31.17	19.06
	Total	252.57	247.74	153.92	93.82

The following table shows the Principal Term Loan outstanding, as on 31st March 2022:

2. FUTURE OUTLOOK

Receipt of Annuity: ¥

In view of the Supplementary Concession Agreement and also in view of the receipt of Letter of Credit from NHAI, receipt of future Annuities is assured and thereby, your Company is confident of timely debt-servicing to the lenders.

> Repayment of Principal Loan installments as per the schedule:

As in the past, your Company will be remitting the principal installments of repayment of Term Loans in accordance with the terms and conditions of the reschedulement of Term Loans approved by the lenders.

> Sale of Asset:

The Sponsors of your Company are considering the sale of the project asset if they get expected consideration.

Escalation claims / Change of Scope claims / Overlay Matter (Major Maintenance): a) Status of arbitration in respect of escalation/cost overrun claims:

Background of Dispute:

The Company (GLRL) had incurred additional costs on account prolongation of construction period and reasons for delay on part of NHAI. Hence, GLRL raised claims against NHAI. The NHAI has been denied claims on purported grounds. Therefore, disputes were arisen between parties. Consequently, the parties were referred disputes to the Arbitration. The Arbitration Tribunal ("AT") deliberated all the disputes and delivered Award on 29.03.2019.

Arbitration Tribunal Award:

The Company has received Arbitration Award on 06.05.2019. In this matter, there is no Majority Award, three AT members were delivered three difference Awards as details given below:

- (i) Presiding Arbitrator Award amount Rs. :11.39 Cr (Rs. 10.36 Cr + 1.03 Cr);
- (ii) Claimant's Nominee Arbitrator Award amount Rs.: 42.33 Cr (Rs. 30.93 Cr + 11.39 Cr);
- (iii) Respondent's Nominee Arbitrator Award amount Rs.: 3.53 Cr

GLRL challenged AT Award under Section-34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. It is pending before the High Court of Delhi in OMP (Comm.) No. 386 of 2019. NHAI has filed a counter petition which is OMP (Comm). No. 450 of 2019.

Present Status:

The Company and the NHAI have opted for resolving the dispute through Conciliation mechanism constituted by NHAI. Both the parties have since referred the matter to Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts ('CCIE – 2'). The Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts at their meeting held on 14th December, 2021 and 21st April 2022 considered opinion for an amicable settlement at net zero settlement for both the Parties and the Company and NHAI have also agreed for the same. The settlement agreement is yet to be executed by both the parties.

b) Status of Change of Scope Arbitration:

Background of Dispute:

The NHAI issued an unwarranted letter dated 19.09.2018 to the Escrow Bank to release a sum of Rs 18.78 Crores towards Negative Change of scope works. GLRL had protested the same and approached the High Court of Delhi under Section-9 of Arbitration Act to restrain NHAI from taking any coercive steps against the GLRL till adjudication of the instant disputes. Hon'ble High Court of Delhi granted stay on recovery and Arbitral Tribunal (AT) was

constituted for this matter. The Hon'ble High Court transferred the matter to Arbitral Tribunal and granted stay till disposal of AT.

The Arbitral Tribunal was constituted with Ajit Mohan Sharan, IAS (Retd), Shri S.C.Parija, former Judge, Orissa High Court, Presiding Arbitrator and Shri N.K.Bahri, Arbitrator.

As per AT directions, the GLRL filed statement of Claim on 11.02.2019 and prayed to pass an award in favour of Claimant against the NHAI granting an amount of Rs 10.06 Crores towards cost of change of scope of items additionally executed by the GLRL in the project.

AT Award was published on 28.01.2020. AT Awarded in favour of the Company an amount of Rs 10.06 Crores with interest 12% per annum from 03.09.2016 till realization of payment.

Present Status:

The Company and the NHAI have opted for resolving the dispute through Conciliation mechanism constituted by NHAI. Both the parties have since referred the matter to Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts ('CCIE – 2'). The Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts at their meeting held on 14th December, 2021 and 21st April 2022 considered opinion for an amicable settlement at net zero settlement for both the Parties and the Company and NHAI have also agreed for the same. The settlement agreement is yet to be executed by both the parties.

c) Status of Overlay Matter (Major Maintenance):

NHAI had issued notice dated 29.11.2019 to the Company to recover an amount of Rs 9.16 Crores plus interest @ SBI PLR+2% from 18.05.2017 to the date of payment towards alleged recovery of damages on account of delay in completion of over lay (1st Major Maintenance Works). GLRL filed Section 9 petition [OMP (I) (COMM) 42/2020] before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi. GLRL got stay order on this matter.

As per NHAI policy, your Company referred the matter to CCIE-II (Conciliation committee Independent Experts) for settlement of the issues amicably.

Present Status:

The Company and the NHAI have opted for resolving the dispute through Conciliation mechanism constituted by NHAI. Both the parties have since referred the matter to Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts ('CCIE – 2'). The Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts at their meeting held on 14th December, 2021 and 21st April 2022 considered opinion for an amicable settlement at net zero settlement for both the Parties and the Company and NHAI have also agreed for the same. The settlement agreement is yet to be executed by both the parties.

3. BOARD MEETINGS

During the year ended 31st March, 2022, Five Board Meetings were convened and held. The intervening gap between the two consecutive Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The dates on which the Board meetings were held are 08th June, 2021, 29th July, 2021, 20th September, 2021, 21st October, 2021 and 29th January, 2022.

Attendance of Directors at the meetings:

The details of the attendance of the Directors at the Board meetings held during the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Name of the Director	Number of Board Meetings	
	Held	Attended
J. Brij Mohan Reddy	5	5
Narayanan Gopalakrishnan	5	5
Bajrang Lal Gupta	5	5
Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	5	5

Audit Committee Meetings

During the year ended 31st March, 2022, Four Audit Committee Meetings were convened and held. The dates on which the Audit Committee meetings were held are 08th June, 2021, 29th July, 2021, 21st October, 2021 and 29th January, 2022.

Attendance of Members at the meetings:

The details of the attendance of the Directors at the Audit Committee meetings held during the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Name of the Director	Number of Audit Committee Meetings	
	Held	Attended
J. Brij Mohan Reddy	4	4
M.V. Narasimha Rao	4	4
Bajrang Lal Gupta	4	4

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings

During the year ended 31st March, 2022, One Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings were convened and held. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings was held on 28th January, 2022.

Attendance of Directors at the meetings:

The details of the attendance of the Directors at the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings held during the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Name of the Director	Number of Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings	
	Held	Attended
J Brij Mohan Reddy	1	1
M.V. Narasimha Rao	1	1
Bajrang Lal Gupta	1	

Separate meeting of Independent Directors

One separate meeting of independent directors was held during the year without the presence of non-independent directors and members of the management to assess the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board. The meeting of independent directors was held on 28th January, 2022.

4. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS.

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board meetings and Annual General Meetings.

5. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- a. that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b. that such accounting policies were selected and applied them consistently and judgement and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2022 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c. that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e. that proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively.
- f. that directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such system were adequate and operating effectively.

6. STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR.

The Board of Directors have evaluated the Independent Directors appointed during the year 2021-22 and opined that the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency) of the Independent Directors is satisfactory.

7. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

There were no changes in the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel during the period.

8. STATEMENT ON DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

All The Independent Directors have submitted the declaration of independence, as required under to section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in subsection(6).

9. RE-APPOINTMENTS

Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy, Director of the Company is retiring by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

10. POLICY FOR SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR REMUNERATION

The Nomination and Remuneration (N&R) Committee discusses and decides the appointment of the Board of Directors and their remuneration including the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and other matters, as required under sub-section (3) of Section 178 of the Act.

The Committee headed by Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi as a Chairman and Mr. B.L. Gupta and Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy, members of the Committee.

The Committee meetings are held as and when required by the Company.

11. AUDITORS REPORT

There are no qualifications in the Auditors Report. No fraud has been reported by the Auditors

12. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

13. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The particular of contracts or arrangements with the related parties referred to in Section 188 of the Act are given in the Form AOC–2, and is annexed as **Annexure-2**. However there were no Related Party Transactions made by the Company during the year that would have required Shareholders' approval under the provisions of the Act.

14. TRANSFER OF AMOUNT TO RESERVES

The Company does not propose to transfer any amount to any reserves for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022.

15. DIVIDEND

During the period under review The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting dated 29th January, 2022 has declared an Interim Dividend of 27% on 3,17,98,006 Equity Shares of the Company i.e Rs. 2.7/- per Equity Share and record date being 30th January, 2022.

16. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

17. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information and details relating to Conservation of Energy, and Technology absorption do not apply to the company and there are no Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo during the period as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is Nil.

18. STATEMENT INDICATING DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The source of income for your Company is Annuity from NHAI as per the Concession Agreement and income earned out of temporary deployment of funds. Annuity from NHAI accounts for almost 98% of the total income of your Company. Since the Annuities are payable by NHAI in accordance with the Concession Agreement, your Company does not foresee any significant risk in receipt of these Annuities, in view of the fact that a revolving Letter of Credit has been obtained from NHAI, securing all future annuities. Your Company is ensuring that the conditions of the Concession Agreement are complied with, to ensure timely receipt of Annuities.

Your Company has also ensured that proper systems are planned, implemented and effectively monitored to ensure that all accounting and financial transactions are properly authorized and recorded, so as to ensure that the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

19. POLICY DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED BY THE COMPANY ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES TAKEN DURING THE YEAR

The Company has constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee to comply the provisions of the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Corporate Social Responsibility committee was constituted as follows:

i) Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy Chairman(ii) Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi Member(iii) Mr. Bajrang Lal Gupta Member

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, one meeting of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was held on 28th January, 2022.

The Corporate Social responsibility policy of the Company is annexed herewith as Annexure-2.

20. BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually, independent directors by the entire Board of Directors and working of its Audit committee, and Nomination and Remuneration Committees.

21. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND GENERAL MEETINGS

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board Meetings and General Meetings.

22. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

During the Financial Year ending on 31st March 2022, your Company had no subsidiaries and associate companies.

No company is ceased to be as Company's subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.

23. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As the Company does not have any subsidiary or associate companies, the Consolidated Financial Statements are not applicable.

24. STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/ ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/ JOINT VENTURES

As the Company does not have any subsidiary or associate companies, so the statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries / associate companies / joint ventures is not applicable.

25. DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public in terms of Section 73 of the Act, and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

26. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations during the period.

27. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. N. C. Mittal & Co, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 000237N), were appointed as statutory auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of the 13th AGM until the conclusion of the 18th AGM to be held in the year 2024.

28. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

There are no employees who come under the purview of Section 197 of the Act read with Rule, 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

29. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has a vigil mechanism to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The details of the Vigil Mechanism Policy are available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days of the Company.

30. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Your Company has ensured that appropriate policies and procedures are adopted for ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of the business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of fraud and error, the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

31. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

As per Regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ["SEBI Regulations"] every listed entity and its material unlisted subsidiaries incorporated in India shall undertake secretarial audit and shall annex with its annual report, a secretarial audit report, given by a company secretary in practice, in Form No. MR - 3 as specified under Section 204 of the Act and the rules made thereunder with effect from the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Your Company being a material unlisted subsidiary of the listed Company i.e., Gayatri Highways Limited, hence the Company has appointed Mr. C.N. Kranthi Kumar, Practicing Company Secretary in Practice, a Peer Reviewed Unit [No. 612 / 2019], as a Secretarial Auditor for the Financial Year 2021-22 to comply with the SEBI Regulations, 2015.

32. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The Secretarial Audit Report issued by the Secretarial Auditor, does not have any observations / qualification / reservation / adverse remarks / matters of non-compliances. The report is annexed as **Annexure-3**.

33. DETAILS OF FRAUDS

During the year, there were no instances of frauds reported by auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

34. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

The Company is maintaining the Cost Records as specified by the Central Government under Section 148 of the Act,

35. HUMAN RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Your Company lays emphasis on competence and commitment of its human capital recognizing its pivotal role for organizational growth.

During the year, the Company maintained a record of peaceful employee relations. Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for the commitment shown by the employees throughout the year.

36. DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

During the year under review there were no applications made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code. 2016.

37. INTERNAL COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE

The Company is not required to comply with the provisions of constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

38. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors express their appreciation to the Company's Regulatory, Professional & Local Bodies, Bankers, Financial Institutions Auditors, Customers, Consultants, Service Providers for their continues co-operation and support, and the Members for their confidence in the management of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Hyderabad Date: 08.08.2022 Bajrang Lal Gupta Director DIN: 07175777

Road Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi Hyderabad Director DIN: 08661228

ANNEXURE-1

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to *clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and* Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	
transactions including the value, if any	
(e) Justification for entering into such contracts or	NI
arrangements or transactions	
(f) date(s) of approval by the Board	
(g) Amount paid as advances, if any:	
(h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in	
general meeting as required under first proviso to section	
188	

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	During the year, no material contracts or arrangements have been entered into by the Company.
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	
(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	
(f) Amount paid as advances, if any:	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Hyderabad Date: 08.08.2022 Bajrang Lal Gupta Director DIN: 07175777

Road kishnamurthy Chaturvedi ê Hyderabad Director 5 DIN: 08661228

ANNEXURE-2

Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy and Activities

as per Rule 8 of Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

Purpose

The objective of this Policy is to promote inclusive growth and equitable development of identified areas by contributing back to the society.

Functions

The main functions of the CSR Committee shall be as under:

- Identify the areas for carrying out the activities and formulate proposal / plan to undertake same
- To identify the projects, programs for specific area of activity, finalize the budget and earmark the expenditure for each activity and recommend the same to the Board every year
- To determine the location where the CSR activities shall be undertaken
- To monitor the progress of the projects / activities from time to time
- To nominate employees who will be responsible for implementation, execution and monitoring of the CSR activities
- To hire services of external service providers, Non-Governmental Organizations, volunteers, professionals, consultants, specialized agencies etc., if required, to undertake the said activities
- Such other functions as may be delegated by the Board.

Areas / Activities

CSR activities will be undertaken in such geographical limits in which the contributing companies have ongoing interest in either construction, maintenance or toll operations, The respective CSR Committee may approve the locations and decide on priority for undertaking the selected activities from amongst the areas of operations of the respective company, The guiding factor will be the large presence of deprived sections the society in the proximity of our projects. The Company will select all or any of the following CSR activities for implementation in the area of its operations, namely:

eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water:

- promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly, and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;
- promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centre's and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water;
- protection of national heritage, alt and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts:
- measures for the benefit of Central armed forces and Central Para military forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;
- training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympics sports and Olympic sports;
- contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;
- contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government;
- rural development projects;
- ➢ Slum area development.
- 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

S.No.	Name of Director			Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the
1.	Mr. Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Chairman	1	year 1
2.	Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Member	1	1
3.	Mr. B.L Gupta	Member	1	1

- 3. Web-link of the website of the company where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed: NA
- 4. Details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, and (if applicable) the report shall be attached: NA

5. Details of the amount available and required for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014: NA

S.No.	Financial Year	Amount available for	Amount required to
		set-off from	be setoff for the
		preceding financial	financial year, if any
		years (in Rs)	(in Rs)
1	-	-	
	TOTAL		namenan yan ya naman menerakan kecementak kecementak di kataka di menandara di musekan kecementak di kecementak M

6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs.7,35,27,448/-

a. Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5):Rs. 14,70,600/-(Rounded off)

b. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programme or activities of the previous financial years: NIL c. Amount required to be set off for the financial year(if any):NIL

d. Total CSR obligation for the financial year: Rs. 14,70,600/-(Rounded off)

8.

7.

a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount		Amount Unspent (in Rs.)							
Spent for the	Total Amount	transferred to	Amount trans	ferred to any	fund specified				
Financial Year.	Unspent CSR	Account as	under Schedule VII as per second proviso						
(in Rs.)	per section 13	5(6).	to section $135(5)$.						
	Amount	Date of	Name of the	Amount	Date of				
		Transfer	fund		Transfer				
Rs. 14,70,600	-	-	-	-	-				

b) Details of CSR amount spent against on-going projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
S.No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/N o)	Location of the project.		Project duration	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).	Mode of Implementa tion - Direct (Yes/No).		Implementation h Implementing
				State	District					Name	CSR Registration number.
1.	Sponsorship on IRF-IC webinar series on Road Safety	Promoting education	Yes	Delhi	New Delhi	12	11,80,000		Yes		
2.						1	1				
	TOTAL						11,80,000				
							•			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	L

c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than on-going projects for the financial year: NA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)
Sl.No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of the project.		Amount spent for The project (in Rs.).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of imp Through imp agency.	olementation - olementing
·				State	District			Name	CSR
h	ł	ſ	E I		1	1	I		

GLRL-ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22

22						<u>u</u>
8			 	 	 	 L
						registration
	·····	····	 			number.
	1.					
	2.					
		TOTAL				

- d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NA
- e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA
- f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year: Rs.14,70,600
- g) Excess amount for set off, if any: NIL

S. No.	Particular	Amount	(in
		Rs.)	
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Nil	
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Nil	
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil	
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil	
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil	

9.

h) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil

Sl.No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.)		erred to any func per section 135(6),	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)	
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs)	Date of transfer	
1.	+	-	-	-	~	-	······································
	TOTAL						······································

i) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for on-going projects of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Sl. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	end of reporting	Status of the project – Completed /Ongoing.
1.					1	·····		
2.					1			
3.					1		Į	
	Total							

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year: (asset-wise details). NA

- j) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s):
- k) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset:
- I) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.:

- m) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset):
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).: NA

E-mail: kranthisarkar369@gmail.com

Form No. MR - 3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

Τo,

The Members,

Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited, CIN: U45203TG2006PLC050554, 6-3-1090, TSR Towers, RajBhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad - 500082, Telangana.

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit for compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited, (herein after called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31-03-2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter :

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited (the "Company") for the financial year ended on 31-03-2022, according to the provisions of:

- I. The Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') and the rules made there under;
- II. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under; and
- III. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 & Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') [to the extent applicable] to the Company.

Flat No. 402, 4th Floor, Maruti Raghavendra Nilayam, H.No. 1-8-7/3,

KRANTHI

appoint Executive Directors on its Board, as the Company had already appointed Chief Executive Officer. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through, and there were no dissenting members' views, and the same are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, the Company has no specific event / action having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc., referred to above.

I further report that the Company has no cases of fraud which are required to be reported pursuant to provisions of section 143 read with section 447 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under.

Note:

This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure – 'A' and Notes forming an integral part of this report.

The report is presented and submitted pursuant to Regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as the Company being a material unlisted subsidiary of the listed entity - Gayatri Highways Limited and pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule no.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014.

C.N.Kranthi Kumar Company Secretary in Practice FCS No.9255 CP No.13889 Unique Code No: I2014TL1227000 Peer Reviewed Unit Certificate No.612/2019

UDIN: F009255D000186685

N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

Re: The Members of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Report on the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind-AS financial statements of **Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited** ("the Company") having CIN : U45203TG2006PLC050554, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows ended on that date, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended on that date (hereinafter referred to as the "Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind-AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the profit, and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules prescribed there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial Statements.

Key Audit Matter



Corp Office.: Behl House, 13. Daryaganj, New Delhi-110002. Phone: +91-11-23275021, 23241613 Fax: +91-11-23277044 Email: <u>nemittalandco@gmail.com</u>, <u>nemittalandco73@gmail.com</u> Website: www.nemittalco.in Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of Ind AS Financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We state that we have nothing to report in this context.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note no. 40 of "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information" relating to "Impact of Covid-19 on Performance of the Company" wherein the company has stated that. The lockdown period was in the m/o April 2021 & May 2021 due to Govt of India / State Govt Restrictions. The registered office and project office were closed during the period. However the company had provided the mandatory operations & maintenance services on the project road during the lock-down period. During the F.Y. 2021-22, the company had received two annuities on due date. There was no impact of covid-19 on the performance of the company either on the revenue or expenses of the company. During mandatory lockdown & govt restrictions, the employees have worked from home intermittently. Hence there was no impact on productivity of employee. The company is also entitled to claim interest on delayed payment of annuity as per clause no. 31.2 of concession agreement. The management of the company had also mentioned in note no. 40 to the Ind-As financial statements under audit that there had been savings generated on the travelling cost head on account of reduced travelling and meeting the purpose through online mode. Hence the company is confident that Covid 19 may not make any material negative impact on company revenue and operations". Our intention is just to bring this note to the attention of the users of Ind AS financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management (including Board of Directors) are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report, Board's report including Management Discussion and analysis & other annexure to Board's report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information *as applicable*, but does not include the Ind-AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work, we have performed on other information obtained prior to the date of this audit report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

Management's Responsibilities for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive information, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and Other accounting principles generally accepted in India including the accounting standards specified u/s 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind-AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921



misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis
 of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
 the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the
 related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
 evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or
 conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with rule 7 of the of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The company does not have any pending litigations if any, which would impact its financial position except those disclosed in Ind-AS financial statements;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year in contravention of the provisions of section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- v. a) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (*either from borrowed funds or share-premium or any other sources or kind of funds*) to / in any other person / entity (*i.e "intermediary"*) including foreign entity with any understanding (*in writing* / *otherwise*) for lending / investing by the



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

intermediary those funds / monies whether directly / indirectly in any other person / entity identified in any manner what so ever by / on behalf of the Company (*i.e. "ultimate beneficiary"*). The company (*i.e. "ultimate beneficiary"*) has also not provided any such guarantee / security or like to / on its behalf to any other person / entity. Similarly no such position with respect to money / funds / guarantee / security existed as on 31.03.2021.

- b) The management had represented that during the Financial year 2021-22, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, the company has not received any fund / money directly / indirectly from any other person / entity (*i.e. "funding party"*) including foreign entity, with the understanding (in writing / otherwise) to invest / lent in any other person / entity identified in any manner what so ever by any such funding party (*i.e. "ultimate beneficiary"*). Similarly the Company has not provided any such guarantee / Security or like to any other person / entity on behalf of any such funding party (*i.e. "Ultimate beneficiary"*).
- c) Further to sub-clause (a) & (b) above, during the audit, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the said representations contained any material mis-statement.
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the limit prescribed by section 197 for maximum permissible managerial remuneration had not been exceeded.

Place: New Delhi Date: 30-June-2022

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 000237N) (CA. Kapil Mittal) B.Com.(H), F.C.A, D.I.S.A.(ICAI), A.I.I.I.S.L.A (Partner)

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

M. No. 503378

UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

GAYATRI LALITPUR ROADWAYS LIMITED for the Year ended as on 31st March 2022

(As referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" Section of our report on even date)

- i. a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant & equipment. The Company however do-not have any intangible assets.
 - b. As per the information & explanation furnished to us, Property plant & equipment had been physically verified by the Management at-least once in every three years and usually once a year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. The company has no immovable property hence paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
 - d. No revaluation of property, plant & equipment (including right of use assets / intangible assets) took place.
 - e. As per the information & explanation furnished to us, during F.Y. 2021-22 there had been no proceedings against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 & no such proceedings were also pending as at the beginning of the said year.
- ii. As the company is engaged in the business of infrastructure development, operations and its maintenance and there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. During the year, the Company has not made and investment / given guarantee / provided security / granted any loans and advances (secured or unsecured) to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable. However balances w.r.t advance given in past, is outstanding as on balance-sheet date, details of which are as per note no. 35 (Related Parties Disclosures) of the financial statement. The terms do-not seem to be prejudicial in view of similar terms enjoyed by the auditee from any such companies. No repayment schedule had been stipulated for said advance which is repayable on demand, hence not overdue. There had been no extension / renewal of existing loan /advance & no fresh loan / advance given, during the year. For percentage & aggregate of such advance etc to



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

promoters & related parties, reference may be made to note no. 2A besides note no. 35 of the financial statement as mentioned above.

- iv. During the year, the Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 of the Companies Act, 2013. Provision of section 186 are not applicable in view of auditee company being engaged in providing infrastructural facility. Therefore, the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company for same.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at 31st March 2022, therefore directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Company is prima-facie maintaining the cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vii. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee state insurance, income tax, Goods & service tax, cess and other statutory dues during the year with the appropriate authorities. As on 31st March 2022, there are no undisputed statutory dues payables for period exceeding for a period more than six month from the date they become payable.

b. According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, Goods & Service Tax, duty of customs, cess and any other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of dispute.

- viii. As per the information & explanation furnished to us, there is no un-disclosed income (from any transaction which was not recorded in the books of accounts previously) that has been surrendered or disclosed during the year 2021-22 in the tax assessment under income tax act, 1961. Hence paragraph no 3(viii) of the order is not applicable.
- ix. The company has taken term loans from various banks and a financial institution. Based on the information & explanations before us, during the year, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a banks and financial institution. As explained to us, since there is no default, hence there is no such case of wilful defaulter declaration by any bank etc. As certified & based on the



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

information shown to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purpose for which it was raised. There were also no short term funds borrowed during the year. As certified to us, there was no such case of borrowal of funds by the auditee to meet any obligation of its associates, subsidiaries or its joint ventures. It was also certified to us that no such loan were raised during the year by the auditee, on the pledge of securities held in subsidiaries, joint ventures & associates as there are no investments in such securities.

- x. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer. The company had also not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares / convertible debentures during the year.
- xi. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, neither any fraud by the Company nor any material fraud on the company by its officers or employees or others had been reported or had come to our notice during the audit for the year. No such fraud, as mentioned, accordingly no such report u/s 143(12) was required to be filed. There was no such case of Whistle blower complaint as informed to us.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence clause3 (xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2016 is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. Internal audit systems of the company (based on the scope & report thereof as produced to us) seemed to be reasonable, keeping in view the size & nature of business of the company.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the companies act, 2013 are not applicable to the company.
- xvi. As certified to us the auditee is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve -Bank of India Act, 1934. Further as certified that it is not core-investment company and no group company is a Core-investment company.



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

- xvii. Based on the information produced to us and as certified to us, there was no such case of cash loss during F.Y. 2021-22 & the previous year.
- xviii. No such case of resignation of auditor from the company was there for the F.Y. 2021-22.
- xix. The financial ratios, ageing & expected date of realization of financial assets & payment of financial liabilities as disclosed as part of financial statement, there was some decline in the ratios (turning unfavorable) apparently signifying some doubt about the certainty regarding payment of its liabilities on due date within next one year of current balance sheet date. However, management had explained that said decline / un-favorable position is on account of 2nd Major-Maintenance-Expenses during current year and decline in REPO Rate of RBI effecting returns on bank investments which is temporary in nature & that company is getting fixed annuity irrespective of toll collections. Management had also submitted that another reason for apparent decline is on account of part of annuity income shown as mere recovery of financial asset in the road due to IND-As requirements which is otherwise not materially effecting the cash inflow for debt servicing / payment of liabilities.
- xx. In compliance with Section 135(5) read with schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013, company had during F.Y. 2021-22, out of the required amount contributed Rs. 11.80 Lacs to International Road Federation – India Chapter & balance Rs. 2.91 Lacs to the PM's National Relief fund.
- xxi. The auditee is not a holding company, accordingly the para 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable to it.

Place: New Delhi Date: 30-June-2022

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 000237N) (CA. Kapil Mittal) B.Com.(H), F.C.A, D.I.S.A.(ICAI), A.I.I.I.S.L.A (Partner) M. No. 503378

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

(As referred to in Paragraph 2(f) under "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" section of our Report to the members of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited**("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

Management *(including the Board of directors)* of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's respective policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal financial controls over financial reporting (the "Guidance note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance. Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system



UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal financial controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Place: New Delhi Date: 30-June-2022 For N. C. Mittal & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 000237N)

(CA. Kapil Mittal) om.(H), F.C.A, D.I.S.A.(ICAI), A.I.I.S.L.A (Partner) M. No. 503378

UDIN Ref: 22503378APIMOU6921

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2022

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at	
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	0.64	0.87
Financial assets			
- Others	4	11,003.53	12,417.43
Deffered Tax Asset (Net)	5	552.86	454.03
Other Non-Current Assets	6	59.91	169.17
		11,616.94	13,041.51
Current assets		-	··· , - · ··· -
Financial Assets			
- Cash and cash equivalents	7	2,394.13	2,006.79
- Other bank balances	8	1,085.09	3,843.63
- Loan	9	1,880.37	2,653.06
- Others	10	1,446.25	1,312.93
Other Current Assets	11	14.46	18.04
		6,820.30	9,834.45
Total assets		18,437.25	22,875.96
Equity and liabilities	******		
Equity			
Equity share capital	10		
Other equity	12	3,179.80	3,179.80
Total Equity	13	3,343.73	3,568.34
Total Equity		6,523.53	6,748.14
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	14	7,263.30	9,453.56
Long-term provisions	15	2,120.90	1,138.46
		9,384.20	10,592.02
Current liabilities			,
Financial liabilities			
-Other Financial Liabilities			
-Current maturities of long-term borrowings	16	2,117.20	1,959.22
-Others	16	159.71	1,959.22
-Trade payables	- 17	107-11	177.07
-Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprise	es		
Test and the local states of the second states of t		-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than mi	CIO		
and small enterprises	17	238.96	77 / ^
Provisions	17	0.28	27.69
Other current liabilities	13	13.37	3,363.24
	117	2,529.51	<u> </u>
Total equity and liabilities		······	
- orm openy and natimites	*********	18,437.25	22,875.96

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements. This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N 8 Kapil Mittai Partner Membership No. 503378 Place: New Delhi Date: 20 16 UDIN Ref. 225033 21

For and on behalf of Board of directors of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta Director

DIN:07175777

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi

Director DIN:08661228

U. Nogendra Ver

hu)



Ashish Sharma **Company Secretary**



U. Nagendra Varma

Chief Financial Officer

Rautan Singh **Chief Executive Officer** Place: Hyderabad



Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

	Notes -	For the year ended		
	inotes	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Revenue from operations	19	1,118.39	1,101.10	
Other income	20	131.97	241.68	
Finance income	21	2,471.54	2,668.68	
Total income		3,721.90	4,011.46	
Expenses				
Employee benefits expense	22	155.05	134.18	
Finance costs	23	913.53	1,223.32	
Depreciation and amortization expense	3	0.37	0.12	
Other expenses	24	2,005.40	1,521.70	
Total expense		3,074.35	2,879.33	
Profit/(Loss) before tax from continuing operation	ıtions	647.55	1,132.13	
(a) Current tax		127.21	214.31	
(b) MAT Credit Entitlement		(113.14)	(214.31)	
Income tax expense		14.07		
Profit/(Loss) for the year		633.48	1,132.13	
Interim Dividend		858.55	-	
Other comprehensive income				
Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit pl	lans	0.46	(0.71)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		(224.60)	1,131.43	
Earnings per equity share (EPES) in Rupees				
Basic		(0.71)	3.56	
Diluted		(0.71)	3.56	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.



For and on behalf of Board of directors of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta pirector DIN:07175777

Unbyendhen Volm

U. Nagendra Varma Chief Financial Officer Army b Rautan Singh

Chief Executive Officer Place: Hyderabad

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi Director DIN:08661228



Áshish Sharma Company Secretary



Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

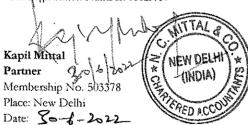
(All amounts \mathfrak{F} in lakh unless otherwise stated)

		31 March 2022	- 31 March 2021
Operating activities			
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(224.60)	1,131.43
Adjustments to reconcile profit/(loss) before tax to net eash fle	ows:	· · /	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		0.37	0.12
Other income		(129.45)	(228.82)
Finance Cost		913.53	1,223.32
Change in operating assets and liabilities			
Increase /(Decrease) in provisions		(2,380.53)	756.85
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables		-	-
(Increase)/Decrease in loans and other assets		1,203.70	1,006.80
Increase /(Decrease) in trade payables		211.27	(163.90)
Increase /(Decrease) in other financial liabilites		(22.48)	25.38
Increase /(Decrease) in other current liabilities		4.79	(0.68)
Income tax paid, net of refund		22.06	26.32
Net cash flow from operating activities	(A)	(401.34)	3,776.82
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(0.15)	(0.99)
Investment in Fixed Deposits		2,758.54	(1,270.78)
Short term loan given		772.69	
Interest on Fixed Deposits		178.30	178.78
Other income (Income from Mutual Funds)		19.99	18.96
Net cash generated/(used) from investing activities	(B)	3,729.38	(1,074.03)
Financing activities			
Repayment of long-tenn borrowings		(2,032.28)	(1,817.53)
Interest paid		(908.41)	(1,253.34)
Net cash used in financing activities	(C)	(2,940.69)	(3,070.88)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	387.35	(368.08)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,006.79	2,374.87
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		2,394.13	2,006.79
Components of eash and eash equivalents			
Cash on hand		0.39	0.86
Balances with banks			-
- in current accounts		2,393.74	2,005.92
Cash and cash equivalents at year end		2,394.13	2,006.79

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For N. C. Mittal & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 000237N



UDINRef .: 22-502378APIMOU6921

For and on behalf of Board of directors of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta Director

DIN:07175777

U.Nopenda

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi Director

DIN:08661228

Company Secretary

Ashish Sharma

U. Nagendra Varma Chief Financial Officer

-JH

Rautan Singh Chief Executive Officer Place: Hyderabad



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital

	Number	Amount
Equity shares of ₹10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
At 31 March 2021	3,17,98,006	3,179.80
At 31 March 2022	3,17,98,006	3,179.80

(b) Other equity

For the	year	ended	31	March	2022

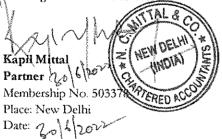
	Equity Component in Financial Instrument	Retained earnings	Total
As at 1 April 2021 Adjustment during the year	2,838.86	729.48	3,568.34
Total Comprehensive income for the year At 31 March 2022	2,838.86	(224.60) 504.87	(224.60) 3,343.73
For the year ended 31 March 2021			
	Equity Component in Financial Instrument	Retained earnings	Total
At 1 April 2020 Adjustment during the year	2,838.86	(401.95)	2,436.91
Total Comprehensive income for the year At 31 March 2021		1,131.43 729.48	1,131.43 3,568.34

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity Capital referred to in our report of even date.

For N. C. Mittal & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 0002371



UDINRef: 22502378AP2 HOUG921

For and on behalf of Board of directors of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta Director DIN:07175777

Unrapind

U. Nagendra Varma **Chief Financial Officer**

Rautan Singh Chief Executive Officer Place: Hyderabad

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi Director DIN:08661228

Ashish Sharma **Company Secretary**



Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 2022 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts ₹in lakh unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate information

M/s Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) incorporated on 7th July 2006 for execution of the project "Improvement, Operation and Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Strengthening of existing 2-lane Road and widening to 4-lane Divided Highway of NH-25/26 in the state of Uttar Pradesh on Build Operate Transfer (BOT)-Annuity Basis. The company has entered into a Concession Agreement with National Highways Authority of India, which specified a two and a half year of construction period and seventeen and a half years of Operation & Maintenance period. The project has achieved the Commercial Operations Date on 31st July 2010 for 45.22 Kms of the Project Highway, out of 49.305 Kms. The company has obtained Final Completion Certificate with effect from 19th March 2012.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies applied by the Group are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of work and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the group has ascertained its operating cycle as up to twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities

b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the standalone financial statements is in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the reporting date of the financial statements and amounts of income and expenses. Examples of such estimates include the provision for doubtful receivables, determination of recoverable amounts of fixed assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefits and useful lives of fixed assets.

Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

c) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.





a. Financial Asset Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, a 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

a) the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

b) the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, and (i) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.c) The income pertains to the construction period will be used to derecognise/adjust against Financial Asset.

b. Financial Liability

Initial recognition and measurement

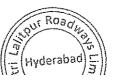
Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.



Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:



Wa/

Financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L.

However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

d) Fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition, less accumulated depreciation thereon. The cost of an item of fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use; any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Intangible assets represent commercial rights to collect toll fee in relation to roads projects which has been accounted at the cost incurred on the project activity towards reconstruction, strengthening, widening, rehabilitation of the roads on build, operate and transfer basis. It includes all direct material, labour and subcontracting costs, inward freight, duties, taxes, obligation towards negative grant payable to concessionaires, if any, and any directly attributable expenditure on making the commercial right ready for its intended use.





H As

(All amounts *in lakh unless otherwise stated)

e) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on assets has been provided on straight-line basis at the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions / deductions is calculated pro-rate from/to the month of additions / deductions.

f) Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

g) Revenue

Revenue Recognition :

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 " Revenue from Contracts with Customers " with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018 . Ind AS 115, revenue from contracts with customers, mandatory for reporting period beginning on or after April 1, 2018 replaced existing revenue recognition requirements i.e. Ind AS 18 Revenue Recognition and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. There were no significant adjustments required to the retained earnings as on April 1, 2018.

Accordingly, the policy for Revenue is amended as under:

The Company derives revenue primarily from annuity and other miscellaneous construction contracts. To recognize revenue, the Company applies the following five step approach: (1) identify the contract with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

At contract inception, the Company assesses its promise to transfer services to a customer to identify separate performance obligations. The Company applies judgment to determine whether each service promised to a customer are capable of being distinct, and are distinct in the context of the contract, if not, the promised services are combined and accounted as a single performance obligation. For performance obligations where control is transferred over time, revenue are recognized by measuring progress towards completion of the performance obligation. The selection of the method to measure progress towards completion requires judgment and is based on the nature of the services to be provided. The method for recognizing revenues and cost depends on the nature of the services rendered.

Others

Insurance and other claims are recognized as revenue on virtual certainty of receipt basis. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive is established. Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises and recovery is certain.





h) Borrowings Costs

In Case of concession arrangement under financial asset model, borrowing Costs that are attributable to the acquisition and/or construction of the infrastructure are charged to The Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

In Case of concession arrangement under intangible asset model, borrowing cost of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that requires substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. Any income on the temporary investments of borrowings is deducted from the borrowing cost. All borrowing cost subsequent to the capitalization of the intangible assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

i) Earnings/(loss) per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any.

j) Employee Benefits

Provisions for/contributions to retirement benefit schemes are made as follow as per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19, "Employee Benefits:

- a) Provident fund on actual liability basis
- b) Gratuity based on actuarial valuation
- c) Leave encashment benefit on retirement on actuarial valuation basis.

k) Taxes on Income

Current Tax

Tax on income for the current year is determined on the basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax is recognized on timing differences between the accounting income and the taxable income for the year, and qualified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date.

At each reporting date, the entities in the group re-assess unrecognised deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognised deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. The entities in the group writes-down the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably

Ne



certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

l) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise of cash at bank and on hand and include short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

m) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on management's best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates. A disclosure of a contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

n) Claims

- a. Company's claims against the Concessioning Authority for additional scope of work, utility shifting etc. are accounted for as and when received.
- b. Contractor's claims regarding additional scope of work, utility shifting etc. are accounted for when related claims of the Company are received from the Concessioning Authority.
- c. Other claims against/by the company are accounted for as and when accepted.

o) Pre-operative Expenditure

Incidental expenditure incurred during construction period towards "Concessionaire Asset" is capitalised on completion of construction and obtaining related COD.

p) Foreign currency transactions and derivatives

- a. The reporting currency of the company is the Indian Rupee.
- b. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the foreign currency, using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.
- c. At each Balance Sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of monetary items at the closing rate are adjusted in pre-operative expenses.

q) Leases:

NEWDEL

The objective of the Ind AS 116 is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting,



model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.

Under Ind AS 116 lessees have to recognise a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a 'rightof-use asset' for almost all lease contracts. Under Ind AS 116, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company has not entered into any lease agreement for a period of more than 12 months and hence, Ind AS 116 is not applicable.

r) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

This Standard shall be applied in accounting for investments in associates and to set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. The Standard shall be applied by all entities that are investors with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee. The Company has not made any investments in associates, hence, this Ind-AS 28 is not applicable.

s) Business Combinations

Ind AS 103 provides guidance on accounting for business combinations under the acquisition method. A business combination is a transaction or other event in which a reporting entity (the acquirer) obtains control of one or more businesses (the acquiree). The Company is not involved in any transaction of business combination under acquisition method and hence, Ind AS 103 is not applicable.

t) Joint Arrangements

The Standard shall be applied by all entities that are a party to a joint arrangement. A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The company is a special purpose vehicle (SPV) has not entered into any arrangement with any entity having joint control or joint venture. Hence, Ind AS 111 is not applicable.





Notes to Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory Information (All amounts Rs. in Lac unless otherwise stated)

2A. Additional Regulatory Information:

- i. The Borrowings from Banks and Financial institutions have been used for the purpose for which it was taken. (Also refer Note No. 14)
- ii. The Company did not have any intangible assets / intangible asset under development as on 31.03.2021 and 31.03.2022.
- iii. During the Financial Year 2021-22, the Company did not hold any property either in the name of any other person or jointly with any other person. (Also Refer Note No. 3)
- iv. There is no revaluation of property, plant and equipment during the Financial Year 2021-22. (Also Refer Note No. 3)

Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances In the nature of loans
Promoter- Gayatri Highways Ltd	Rs. 548.77 Lacs	29.18%
Promoter-India Infrastructure Fund	Rs. 546.70 Lacs	29.07%
Directors	Nil	
KMPs	Nil	
Related Parties – Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Ltd	Rs. 784.90 Lacs	41.75%

v. With respect to the loans and advances, following disclosures are made:

(Please refer note no. 35)

- vi. As on 31.03.2021 and 31.03.2022, there was no capital work in progress.
- vii. Neither any proceedings under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 read with rules there-under have been initiated during the F.Y. 2021-22 against the Company nor any such proceedings are pending as on 31.03.2021 and 31.03.2022.
- viii. Neither any default has been made during the F.Y. 2021-22 in repayment of interest and installment on borrowings from the banks, financial institutions and other lenders nor any such default existed as on 31.03.2021 and 31.03.2022. (Also Refer Note No. 14)
- ix. The Company did not have any transactions with any such company which was struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or even under Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.





Notes to Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory Information (All amounts Rs. in Lac unless otherwise stated)

- ix. The Company did not have any transactions with any such company which was struck -off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or even under Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- x. There were no charges pending for registration / for satisfaction with ROC as on 31.03.2022.
- xi. There is no such non-compliance under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (restrictions on number of layers) Rules, 2017 in so far as investment in shareholding in other Companies is concerned.
- xii. The various accounting ratios as so required under regulatory disclosures are as per note number 33(a) [as per IND AS] and 33(b) [as per Companies (Accounting standards) Rules, 2006].
- xiii. Neither there was scheme of arrangement in terms of Section 232 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 which was approved during the financial year 2021-22 with respect to the company nor was any such scheme was pending for implemention as on 31.03.2021.
- xiv. During the Financial Year 2021-22, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either from borrowed funds or share-premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to / in any other person / entity (i.e. "Intermediaries") including foreign entity with any understanding (in writing / otherwise) for lending / investing by intermediaries those funds / monies whether directly / indirectly in any other person / entity identified in any manner whatsoever by / on behalf of the Company (i.e. Ultimate Beneficiary). The Company (i.e. Ultimate Beneficiary) has also not provided any such guarantee / security or like to / on its behalf to any other person / entity (i.e." Ultimate Beneficiary"). Similarly, no such position with respect to money / funds / guarantee / security existed as on 31.03.2021.
- xv. During the Financial year 2021-22, the company has not received any fund / money directly / indirectly from any other person / entity (*i.e.* " funding party") including foreign entity with the understanding (*in writing / otherwise*) to invest / lent in any other person / entity identified in any manner whatsoever by any such funding party ("i.e. ultimate beneficiary"). Similarly the Company has not provided any such guarantee / Security or like to any other person / entity on behalf of any such funding party ("ultimate beneficiary").
- xvi. There is no un-disclosed income from any transaction which was not recorded in the books of accounts previously that has been surrendered or disclosed during the year 2021-22 in the tax assessment under income tax act, 1961.



our Road Hvderaba

Notes to Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory Information (All amounts Rs. in Lac unless otherwise stated)

xvii. The company has not traded / invested in crypto currency / virtual currency during the year 2021-22. There was also no such investments as on 31.03.2022.

xviii. a) There is no change in equity share capital during the F.Y. 2021-22 and 2020-21 due to prior period error.

b) There is no change in equity share capital during the F.Y. 2021-22 and 2020-21 due to any other reason other than (a) mentioned above.

c) There was also no change in the percentage of the Shareholding of the promoters during the F.Y. 2021-22 as compared to the position as on 31.03.2021. (Also Refer Note No. 12).

xix. A) During F.Y. 2021-22 & 2020-21, there were no changes on account of changes in accounting policy / prior period errors, restatement of balance at the beginning of reporting periods, Dividend, transfer to retained earning & any another reasons, in following components of Other Equity (as disclosed in note no.13):

- 1. Share application money (pending allotment)
- 2. Capital Reserve
- 3. Securities Premium
- 4. Debt instruments through other comprehensive income
- 5. Equity instruments through other comprehensive income
- 6. Effective portion of cash flow hedges
- 7. Revaluation surplus
- 8. Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations as there are no such operations
- 9. Other items of other comprehensive income (except actuarial valuation of gratuity)
- 10. Money Received against Share warrants.

B) The position of Other Equity (refer note 13) on respective dates is as follows:

Rs. in lacs

Equity con compound instrument	compound financial		Retained Earning		ensive
As on	As on	As on	As on	As on	As on
31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022
2838.86	2838.86	729.48	504.87	(0.71)	0.46



Roac

Notes to Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31^a March 2022 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory Information (All amounts Rs. in Lac unless otherwise stated)

- xx. There was no trade receivable as on 31.03.2022 and as on 31.03.2021.
- xxi. Banks deposits (also refer note no. 8) with more than 12 months maturity is given below:

<u>As on 31.03.2022</u>	As on 31.03.2021
Rs. 1,085.09 lacs	Rs. 3,843.63 lacs



Roady ,pur Hyderabad

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

3 Property plant and equipment

	Office Equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Computers & Software	Air Conditioner	Total
Gross block			**************************************		
As at 1 April 2021	0.67	0.44	3.87	0.62	5.60
Additions during the			D 4 -		0.45
ycar	-	-	0.15	-	0.15
As at 31 March 2022	0.67	0.44	4.01	0.62	5.74
Accumulated					
depreciation					
Up to 31 March 2021	0.67	0.44	3.36	0.26	4.73
Charge for the year	.44	~	0.25	0.12	0.37
Up to 31 March 2022	0.67	0.44	3.61	0.38	5.10
Net block	·				
As at 31 March 2022	-	-	0.41	0.24	0.64
As at 31 March 2021		***	0.51	0.36	0.87
Useful life of Asset	5 years	10 years	3 years	15 years	

Note:

1. A class of assets is a grouping of assets of similar nature and use in entity's operations.

2. None of the asset is held for disposal or retirement from active use as at end of the year as, the expected cash inflow/value to be realised from the usage for the remaining useful life of the asset.

3. Term loans from banks and others are secured by all the movables, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets, present and future.

4 Other Financial Assets (Non-Current)

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial Asset (Carriageway)		
Opening Balance	13,617.50	14,637.72
Add: Financial Income	2,471.54	2,668.68
Add: O & M Income	1,118.39	1,101.10
Less: Annuity Received	(4,790.00)	(4,790.00)
Closing Balance	12,417.43	13,617.50
Less: Transferred to Financial Asset (Current)	(1,413.90)	(1,200.07)
Closing Non-Current Financial Asset	11,003.53	12,417.43
(Refer No. 39)		

5 Deffered Tax Asset (Net)

	As a	it.
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
MAT Credit Entitlement	552.86	454.03
	552.86	454.03
Movement in Deffered Tax Asset		
Opening balance	454.03	-
Addition during the year	113.14	454.03
Closing balance	567.17	454.03

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 12 - "Income taxes"

The company is required to pay MAT as current income tax in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961.

For company is eligible for deduction under section 80IA of Income Tax Act, 1961 and the company start to avail tax which period from FY 2015-16 for 10 years out of 20 years block commencing from the date of COD. Company has not created deferred tax assets (DTA) on brought forward losses and accumulated depreciation during the current year

uch DTA are getting reversed during such tax holiday period.

Roady Hyderabad) 🖾

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

6 Other Non-Current Assets

As at		
31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
173.05	258.53	
(113.14)	(214.31)	
	124.95	
59.91	169.17	
	31 March 2022 173.05 (113.14)	

7 Cash and cash equivalents

As at		
31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
2,393.74	2,005.92	
0.39	0.86	
2,394.13	2,006.79	
	31 March 2022 2,393.74 0.39	

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:	

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Balances with banks			
- on current accounts	2,393.74	2,005.92	
Cash on hand	0.39	0.86	

8 Other bank balances

As at		
31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
1,085.09	3,843.63	
1,085.09	3,843.63	
	31 March 2022 1,085.09	

9 Current Loan

	As at			
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
Loan to related party	1,880.37	2,653.06		
	1,880.37	2,653.06		

10 Other financial assets

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Current	- / - / /		
Financial Asset - Carriageway	1,413.90	1,200.07	
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits	32.35	112.81	
Withheld money by NHAI- Utility bills	-	0.05	
	1,446.25	1,312.93	

11 Other Current Assets

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Prepaid Expeneses	14.21	13.66	
Other Advances	0.25	4.37	
	14.46	18.04	





(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

12 Share capital

_	31 March 20	31 March 2022		1
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorized				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	3,50,00,000	3,500.00	3,50,00,000	3,500.00
	3,50,00,000	3,500.00	3,50,00,000	3,500.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	3,17,98,006	3,179.80	3,17,98,006	3,179.80
	3,17,98,006	3,179.80	3,17,98,006	3,179.80

(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting period

	31 March 2022		31 March 20.	21
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	3,17,98,006	3,179.80	3,17,98,006	3.179.80
Issued during the year	-	-	-	,
Balance at the end of the year	3,17,98,006	3,179.80	3,17,98,006	3,179.80

(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The rights and preferences of each shareholder are in accordance with the Shareholder's Agreement dated 14th May 2007.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting. During the year, interim dividend of Rs. 8,58,54,616/- was declared by the Company. (Previous Year: Nil).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Shares held by holding Company, ultimate holding Company, subsidiaries / associates of holding Company or ultimate holding Company

Out of the equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below:

	31 March 2022		31 March 202	21
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Gayatri Highways Limited - Holding Company	1,6 2 ,18,000	1,621.80	1,62,18,000	1,621.80





Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

12 Share capital (continued..)

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	31 March 2022		31 Marc	h 2021
	. Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
Gayatri Highways Limited and its nominnes (Holding Company)	1,62,18,000	51.00%	1,62,18,000	51.00%
IDFC Limited (Beneficiary of India Infrastructure Ltd)	31,80,000	10.00%	31,80,000	10.00%
India Infrastructure Fund (Trustee: IDFC Trustee Co. Ltd.)	1,24,00,000	39.00%	1,24,00,000	39.00%

13 Other equity

	As a	t
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Equity Component of Financial Instrument		
Opening balance	2.838.86	2,838.86
Adjustment during the year		2,0.00
Closing balance	2,838.86	2,838.86
Retained earnings		
Balance as per last audited financial statements	729.48	(401.95)
Add: Total Comprehensive Income for the year	(224.60)	1,131.43
Balance at the end of the year	504.87	729.48
Total other equity	3,343.73	3,568.34





(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

14 Borrowings

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non-current borrowings		*****
Term loans		
Secured		
From banks	7,474.60	9,109.07
From financial institutions	1,905.90	2,303.70
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	2,117.20	1,959.22
	7,263.30	9,453.56
Current borrowings		
Current maturities of long term loans		
Term loans		
Secured		
From banks and financial institutions	2,117.20	1,959.22
	2,117.20	1,959.22
1 Nature of security for secured loans:		

I. Nature of security for secured loans: Term loans from banks and others are secured by:

i. First mortgage and charge of all the borrower's immovable properties, present and future.

ii. First charge by way of hypothecation of

a. all the movables, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets, present and future.

b. Operating cash flows, book debts and receivables and any other revenues of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, present and future.

c. All intangibles, including but not limited to goodwill, uncalled capital, present and future.

d. Assignment or creation of security interest in i) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the project documents, duly acknowledged and consented to by the relevant counter-parties to such project documents. ii) all the rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances. iii) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances. iii) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances bond provided by any party to the Project Documents and iv) all Insurance Contracts/Insurance proceeds.

e. Escrow Account, Debt Service Reserve, other reserves and any other bank accounts of the borrower wherever maintained.

f. Pledge of all the shares (equity and preference) held by the sponsors representing 51% of the paid up share capital.

II. Maintenance of DSR and MMR

As per the Article 6 of the Common Loan Agreement, the borrower shall at all times during the term of the agreement maintain Debt Service Reserve (DSR) to meet the Debt Service Requirements for an amount equivalent to the ensuing six months principal and interest payment due to the Loan A Lenders.

The borrower shall also maintan a Major Maintenance Reserve (MMR) to the extend stipulated by the Loan A Lenders in Schedule 4 for undertaking major maintenance in terms of the Concession Agreement.

III. Nature of Security for Subordinated Debt:

Term Loans - Subordinated Debt from IDFC First Bank is secured by:

i. Second mortgage and charge of all the borrower's immovable properties, present and future.

ii. Second charge by way of hypothecation of

a. all the movables, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets, present and future.

b. Operating cash flows, book debts and receivables and any other revenues of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, present and future.

c. All intangibles, including but not limited to goodwill, uncalled capital, present and future.

d. Assignment or creation of security interest in i) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the project documents, duly acknowledged and consented to by the relevant counter-parties to such project documents. ii) all the rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances. iii) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances. iii) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in the clearances. iii) all the right, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the borrower in any letter of credit, guatantees, performance bond provided by any party to the Project Documents and iv) all Insurance Contracts/Insurance proceeds.

e. Escrow Account, Debt Service Reserve, other reserves and any other bank accounts of the borrower wherever maintained.

f Pledge of all the shares (equity and preference) held by the sponsors representing 51% of the paid up share capital.



our Roady Hyderabad

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

14 Borrowings (continued...)

IV. Terms of repayment of Secured Loans

a. The Senior Debt from banks and others, amounting to Rs.2,33,57,00,000/-, is repayable in 29 unequal half yearly installments ranging from 1.68% to 7.38% commencing from 15th December 2011 till 15th December 2025.

b. The Subordinate Debt availed from Infrastructure Development Finance Company Ltd.(now IDFC Bank Ltd.) amounting to Rs.19,00,00,000/- is repayable in 30 unequal half yearly installments ranging from 1.50% to 10.08% commencing from 15th June 2012 till 15th December 2026.

c. In case of surplus cash flows, the Company has to accelerate the repayments pro-rata amongst Senior and Sub-Debt.

d. Additional funds received, if any, from NHAI as damages towards cost escalation will be utilized towards acceleration of the loan repayment to the extent of escalation in Interest on Term Loans.

V. Terms of repayment of Unsecured Loans

a. The Company shall repay the principal amount of the unsecured loan after the expiry of the tenor of loan read with (b) below:

b. Subject to the Lenders' approval, the Company has a right to advance the repayment of the Shareholders' Loan in the event of the cash flows of the Company are adequately in surplus for such advancement as determined by the subscriber or on successful refinancing of the loans as determined by the subscriber.

15 Provisions

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non-current	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Provision for periodic maintenance	2,114.86	1,132.96
Provision for employee benefits		-,
-Gratuity, non-funded	6.04	5.50
	2,120.90	1,138.46
Current		
Provision for periodic maintenance	-	3,363.03
-Gratuity, non-funded	0.28	0.21
	0.28	3,363.24

16 Other financial liabilities

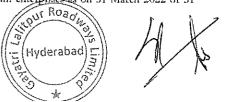
	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	2,117.20	1,959.22
Interest accrued	75.61	70.49
Creditors for expenses		-
- to related party	56.99	71.32
- to others	17.59	26.63
Employee benefits payable		8.63
	2,276.91	2,136.29

17 Trade payables

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	
Fotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		
- Trade payables to related party	238.96	27.69
	238.96	27.69
rade payables Ageing Schedule as at 31st March 2022		
i) Trade Payables other than MSME:		
Outstanding for following periods drom due date of payment:		
a) Less than 6 months	238.96	27.69
b) 6 month to 1 year	-	-
c) 1 year to 2 years	-	-
d) 2 year to 3 years	-	-
e) More than 3 years	_	-
fotal	238.96	27.69

The identification of micro and small enterprise suppliers as defined under the provisions of "Micro, small and medium enterprises Act, 2006" is based on Management's knowledge of their status. There are no dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as on 31 March 2022 or 31 March 2021.





Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

18 Other current liabilities		
	A	s at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Statutory liabilities	13.37	8.58
	13.37	8.58

19 Revenue from operations

	For the year	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Operation & Maintenance Income	363.08	345.79	
Major Maintenance Income	755.31	755.31	
	1,118.39	1,101.10	

	For the year	ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interest on fixed deposits	109.46	209.86
Gain on sale of mutual funds	19.99	18.96
Interest on Income Tax Refund	2.52	12.86
	131.97	241.68

21 Finance Income

<u> 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999</u>	For the year ended		
www.commenter.com/com/commenter/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Interest on financial asset receivable	<u> </u>	2,668.68 2,668.68	

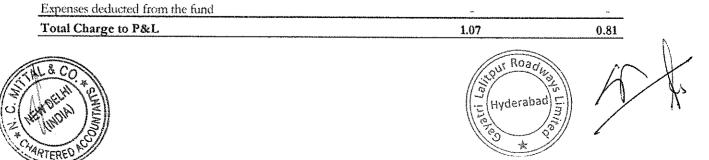
22 Employee benefits expense

	For the	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Salaries and wages	153.98	133.35	
Gratuity	1.07	0.84	
	155.05	134.18	

Provision for Gratuity is made on actuarial basis as summarized below. The Company does not have any policy for Compensated Absences.

Profit and Loss account for current period Service Cost:

0.72	0.56
0.35	0.25
1.07	0.81
	V/A J mul



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

22 Employee benefits expense (continued)		
Other Comprehensive Income for the current period		
Components of actuarial gain/losses on obligations:		
Due to change in financial assumptions	(0.23)	0.07
Due to change in demographic assumptions	-	-
Due to experience adjustments	(0.23)	0.64
Amount recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	(0.46)	0.71

Reconciliation of defined obligation

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Defined Benefit Obligation			
Opening defined benefit obligation	5.71	4.17	
Service Cost	0.72	0.57	
Net interest expense	0.35	0.26	
Components of actuarial gain/lossess on obligations			
Due to change in financial assumptions	(0.23)	0.07	
Due to change in demographic assumptions	•	-	
Due to experience adjustments	(0.23)	0.64	
Benefits paid	-	-	
Closing defined benefit obligation	6.32	5.71	
Birfucation of liability as per schedule III			
Current Liability	0.28	0.21	
Non-current liability	6.04	5.50	

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Discounting Rate	6.90%	6.25%	
Average Salary Growth Rate	4.00%	4.00%	
Withdrawal Rate	3 % at all ages	3 % at all ages	
Sensitivity to key assumptions			
Discount Rate Sensitivity			
Increase by 0.5%	61.15	5.54	
(% change)	-2.60%	-2.95%	
Decrease by 0.5%	6.49	5.89	
(% change)	2.81%	3.18%	
Salary Growth Rate Sensitivity			
Increase by 0.5%	6.48	5.88	
(% change)	2.57%	2.96%	
Decrease by 0.5%	6.17	5,56	
(% change)	-2.30%	-2.67%	
Withdrawal Rate (W.R.) Sensitivity			
W.R. X 110%	6.35	5.73	
(% change)	0.50%	0.35%	
W.R. X 90%	6.28	5.69	
% change)	-0.52%	-0.37%	
WITTAL & CO WITTAL	Hyderab	The sumition	



(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

22 Employee benefits expense (continued..)

Major risk to the Post Employment Benefit plan

A. Actuarial Risk:

It is the risk that benefits will cost more than expected. This can arise due to one of the following reasons: Adverse Salary Growth Experience: Salary hikes that are higher than the assumed salary escalation will result into an increase in Obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

Variability in mortality rates: If a ctual mortality rates are higher than assumed mortality rate assumption than the Gratuity Benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Since there is no condition of vesting on the death benefit, the acceleration of cash flow will lead to an actuarial loss or gain depending on the relative values of the assumed salary growth and discount rate.

Variability in withdrawal rates: I factual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rate assumption than the Gratuity Benefits will be paid earlier than expected. The impact of this will depend on whether the benefits are vested as at the resignation date.

B. Investment Risk:

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

C. Liquidity Risk:

Employees with high salaries and long durations or those higher in hierarchy, accumulate significant level of benefits. If some of such employees resign/retire from the company there can be strain on the cashflows.

D. Market Risk:

Market riski s a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets.One actuarial assumption that has a material effect is the discountrate. The discountrate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in Defined Benefit Obligation of the plan benefits & viceversa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

E. Legislative Risk:

Legislative risk is the risk of increase in the plan liabilities or reduction in the plan assets due to change in the legislation/regulation. The government may amend the Payment of Gratuity Act thus requiring the companies to pay higher benefits to the employees. This will directly affect the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation and the same will have to be recognized immediately in the year when any such amendment is effective.





(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

23 Finance costs

	For the yea	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
Interest on borrowings	891.87	1,196.06		
Other finance costs	21.66	27.26		
	913.53	1,223.32		

24 Other expenses

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Operations and maintenance expenses	473.85	550.42	
Provision for Periodic maintenance expenses	755.31	755.31	
Periodic maintenance expenses	621.97	-	
NHAI IC expenses	30.09	34.54	
Rent expenses	14.53	14.53	
Insurance expenses	21.75	10.43	
Travelling and conveyance expenses	1.47	0.04	
Legal and professional charges (refer note below)	49.51	117.90	
Business Promotion expenses	-	0.17	
Project Site expenses	16.40	11.62	
CSR Expenses	14.71	6.25	
Receivables Written off	1.37	-	
Miscellaneous expenses	4.44	20.50	
-	2,005.40	1,521.70	

Legal and professional charges includes Payment to auditors as below:

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
As auditor:	Ji Martin 2022	JI Walch 2021
Audit fee	3.54	3.54
In other capacity:		U10 1
Reimbursement of expenses	-	-
-	3.54	3.54

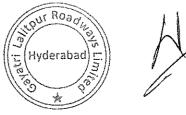
25 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amount are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and shares data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	(224.60)	1,131.43	
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPES	3,17,98,006	3,17,98,006	
Nominal value per equity share	10	10	
Effect of dilution:			
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation			
of diluted EPES	3,17,98,006	3,17,98,006	
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share in Rupees	(0.71)	3.56	







(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

26 Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Financial assets			
Financial assets-Others (Carriageway)	11,003.53	12,417.43	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,394.13	2,006.79	
Other bank balances	1,085.09	3,843.63	
Loan	1,880.37	2,653.06	
Others	1,446.25	1,312.93	
Total	17,809.37	22,233.85	
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	9,380.50	11,412.78	
Trade payables	238.96	27.69	
Other financial liabilities	159.71	177.07	
Total	9,779.17	11,617.54	

The carrying amount of current financial assets and current trade and other payables measured at amortised cost are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.

The carrying value of Rupee Term Loan and Loan from Related Party approximate fair value as the instruments are at prevailing market rate.

27 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

28 Fair Values

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, current loans, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments or as they carry market rate of interest.

29 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's activities expose it to variety of financial risks : market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established a risk management policy to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Board of Directors oversee compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the risk management framework.





(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

29 Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

i) Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrows funds primarily at floating interest rates. However, the interest rates are dependent on base rates/prime lending rates of the lead bank which are not expected to change very frequently and the estimate of the management is that these will not have significant upward trend.

The company's exposure to interest rate risk due to variable interest rate borrowings is as follows:

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Senior Debt from Banks - Variable rate borrowings	9,380.50	11,412.78

Sensitivity analysis based on average outstanding Senior Debt

	Impact on profit/ loss after tax		
Interest Rate Risk Analysis	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Increase or decrease in interest rate by 25 basis points	25.99	30.80	

Note: Profit will increase in case of decrease in interest rate and vice versa

ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk).

The company is exposed to price risk due to investments in mutual funds and classified as fair value through profit and loss.

The company measures risk through sensitivity analysis.

The company's risk management policy is to mitigate the risk by investments in diversified mutual funds.

The company does not expose to price risks as on 31st March 2022.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing creditworthy counterparties. The management believes that the credit risk is negligible since its main receivable is from the grantors of the concession which is Government Authority.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets.

The company is exposed to liquidity risk due to bank borrowings and trade and other payables.

The company measures risk by forecasting cash flows.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company ensures that it has sufficient fund to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

The following tables detail the company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the company may be required to pay.





Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

29 c) Liquidity Risk (Continued)

As at 31st March 2022	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Non Derivative Financial Liability					
Borrowings	9,380.50	2,813.14	3,004.00	5,001.35	_
Other Financial Liabilities	159.71	159.71			
Trade payables	238.96	238.96	14	-	74

As at 31st March 2021	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Non Derivative Financial Liability					
Borrowings	11,412.78	3,072.96	3,012.67	9,524.23	1,658.51
Other Financial Liabilities	177.07	177.07			
Trade payables	27.69	27.69	-	-	-

The following table details the company's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the company's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

As at 31st March 2022	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Receivable under SCA	12,417.43	3,653.45	3,634.36	12,667.13	-
Cash and cash equivalents	2,394.13	2,394.13	_	-	-
Others	32.35	32.35	u.		
As at 31st March 2021	Carrying Amount	upto 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	> 5 years
Receivable under SCA	13,617.50	3,688.90	3,671.61	11,279.79	8,675.15
Cash and cash equivalents	2,006.79	2,006.79	-	-	-
Others	112.86	112.86	_	-	-

d) Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

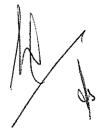
	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Debts	9,456.11	11,483.27
Less: Cash and Bank Balances	(3,479.22)	(5,850.42)
(A)	5,976.89	5,632.85
Equity & Other equity (B)	6,523.53	6,748.14
Net Debt / Total Capital (A/B)	0.92	0.83
N		

Debts include

Debts include Long term borrowing (including its current maturities) and interest accrued thereon.







Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

30 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 - " Service Concession Arrangements"

Description and classification of the arrangment

Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) incorporated on 7th July 2006 for execution of the project "Improvement, Operation and Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Strengthening of existing 2-lane Road and widening to 4-lane Divided Highway of NH-25/26 in the state of Uttar Pradesh on Build Operate Transfer (BOT)-Annuity Basis. The company has entered into a Concession Agreement with National Highways Authority of India, which specified a two and a half year of construction period and seventeen and a half years of Operation & Maintenance period. The project has achieved the Commercial Operations Date on 31st July 2010 for 45.22 Kms of the Project Highway, out of 49.305 Kms. The company has already obtained Final Completion Certificate

Significant Terms of the arrangements

Receipt of Annuity:

Annuities shall be received semi-annually subject to the provisions Article 6.1 of the Concession Agreement dated Sept 29, 2006.

Concession Fee and Other Fees:

As per Article 7.2 of the Concession Agreement, the company is liable to pay Concession Fee Re 1 every year during the Concession Agreement.

Obligation of the Company

The company is under obligation to undertake, comply with and perform as per the Chaper-III "Obligations and Undertakings" of the Concession Agreement.

Operation & Maintenance

The company is under obligation to carry out the routine and periodic maintenance of Project Highway as per Appendix-5 of the Concession Agreement.

Details of any assets to be given or taken at the end of concession period

At the end of the Concession period the company shall deliver the actual or constructive possession of the Project Highway, free and clear of all encumbrances.

Details of Termination

Concession Agreement can be terminated on account of default of the company or NHAI in the circumstances as specified under chaper-VII of the Concession Agreement.

31 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Costs"

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Finance Cost	913.53	1,223.32
Less : Capitalized during the year	-	-
Finance Cost charged to Statement of P/L	913.53	1,223.32

32 Disclosures as per Ind AS 37 - "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets "

(a) Nature of provision:

The company is required to operate and maintain the project highway during the entire concession period and hand over the project back to the Authority (NHAI) as per the maintenance standards prescribed in Concession agreement.

For this purpose, a regular maintenance along with periodic maintenances is required to be performed. Normally periodic maintenance includes resurface of pavements, repairs of structures and other equipments and maintenance of service roads.

As per industry practice, the periodic maintenance is expected to occur after 5-7 years. The maintenance cost / bituminous overlay may vary based on the actual usage during maintenance period. Accordingly on the grounds of matching cost concept and based on technical estimates, a provision for major maintenance expenses is reviewed and is provided for in the accounts annually.

(b) Movement in provisions:

	As a	As at	
-	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Opening balance	4,496.00	3,740.69	
Additional provision	755.31	755.31	
Utilised	(3,136.44)	-	
Unused amounts reversed	-	÷	
Unwinding of discount and changes in discount rate	-	-	
Closing balance	2,114.86	4,496.00	

W1/

32 Disclosures as per Ind AS 37 - "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets " (continued...)

(c)Contingent liabilities

Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt :

(c)(i) Overlay Matter (Major Maintenance):

NHAI had issued notice dated 29.11.2019 to the Company to recover an amount of Rs 9.16 Crores plus interest towards alleged recovery of damages on account of delay in completion of over lay (1st Major Maintenance Works). GLRL filed Section 9 petition [OMP (I) (COMM) 42/2020] before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and the Court had granted stay order on this matter.

The notice from NHAI for recovery of damages is illegal because of the fact that the Independent Engineer (IE) vide their letter dated 19.04.2018 informed to NHAI that even though the Provisional Certificate was issued in 2010, the entire stretch of the Project Highway was not complete by that time. Further, the incomplete stretches were in bits and pieces which would have made it impossible for any overlay works to be undertaken by the Company. Based on the recommendations of the Independent Engineer, Project Director, NHAI vide their letter dated 24.04.2018 issued a letter to Regional Officer and accepted the IE's view not to levy any penalty on the Company. **Present Status:**

The Company and the NHAI have opted for resolving the dispute through Conciliation mechanism constituted by NHAI. Both the parties have since referred the matter to Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts ('CCIE – 2'). The Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts at their meeting held on 14th December, 2021 and 21st April 2022 considered opinion for an amicable settlement at net zero settlement for both the Parties and the Company and NHAI have also agreed for the same. The settlement agreement is yet to be executed by both the parties.

	As at 31 March 2022	As at31 March 2021
(c)(ii) Disputed Income Tax Dues for AY 2018-19		

(d) Contingent asset

1. Escalation/cost overrun arbitration claims:

The Company (GLRL) had incurred additional costs on account prolongation of construction period and reasons for delay on part of NHAI. Hence, GLRL raised claims against NHAI. The Arbitration Tribunal ("AT") delivered Award on 29.03.2019 on this matter. In this matter, there is no Majority Award, three AT members were delivered three different Awards as details given below:

(i) Presiding Arbitrator Award amount - Rs. 11.39 Ct (Rs. 10.36 +interest Rs.1.03)

(ii) Claimant's Nominee Arbitrator Award amount - Rs. 42.33 Cr (Rs. 30.93 + interest Rs.11.39)

(iii) Respondent's Nominee Arbitrator Award amount - Rs. 3.53 Cr

GLRL challenged AT Award under Section-34 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. It is pending before the High Court of Delhi in OMP (Comm.) No. 386 of 2019. NHAI has filed a counter petition which is OMP (Comm.) No. 450 of 2019.

Present Status:

The Company and the NHAI have opted for resolving the dispute through Conciliation mechanism constituted by NHAI. Both the parties have since referred the matter to Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts (CCIE - 2). The Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts at their meeting held on 14th December, 2021 considered opinion for an amicable settlement at net zero settlement for both the Parties and the Company has also agreed for the same.

2. Change of Scope work arbitration claims:

The NHAI issued an letter dated 19.09.2018 to the Escrow Bank to release a sum of Rs 18.78 Crores towards Negative Change of scope works. GLRL had protested the same and approached the High Court of Delhi under Section-9 of Arbitration Act and Hon'ble High Court of Delhi granted stay on recovery and Arbitral Tribunal (AT) was constituted for this matter.

Arbitral Tribunal (AT) Award was published on 28.01.2020. AT Awarded in favour of the Company an amount of Rs 10.06 Crores with interest 12% per annum from 03.09.2016 till realization of payment.

Present Status:

The Company and the NHAI have opted for resolving the dispute through Conciliation mechanism constituted by NHAI. Both the parties have since referred the matter to Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts (CCIE -2). The Conciliation Committee of Independent Experts at their meeting held on 14th December, 2021 and 21st April 2022 considered opinion for an amicable settlement at net zero settlement for both the Parties and the Company and NHAI have also agreed for the same. The settlement agreement is yet to be executed by both the parties.





Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

33 (a) Financial Ratios as per Ind-AS

ļ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
<u>s</u>	No.	S.No. Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31st March	31st March	% Change	Reason for Variance
					2022	2021		
		Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.70	1.78	52%	52% Current ratio increased due to decrease in short term loan
L	¢1	Debt-Equity ratio	Total Debt	Sharcholder's Equity	1.44	1.69	-15%	-15% Due to repayment of term loan, the ratio decreased
<u> </u>	<i>б</i>	Debt service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Depreciation and amortisation + Interest + Loss on sale of Fixed Asset	Debt service = Interest payments + Principal Repayments	0.23	0.77	~~0%	-69% Net carnings is reduced due to Major Maintenance expenses during the year
<u> </u>	4	Return on Equity ratio	Net profits after taxes - preference dividend Average Shareholder's Equity	Average Shareholder's Equity	-0.03	0.18	-118%	-118% Due to Major Maintenance expenses, the profitability decreases during the year.
<u> </u>	5	Inventory humover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA		
I		Trade receivables turnover tatio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivable	NA	VN		
1	2	Trade payables turnover ratio Net Credit Purchases	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	15.04	13.88	8%	8% The trade payables increased due to arnount payable towards major maintenance expenses
<u> </u>	8	Net Capital turnover ratio	Net sales	Working capital = current assets - current liabilities	0.87	0.93	-79/	-7% Income on Financial Asset is decreased as per the INID-AS model
<u> </u>	6	Net Profit ratio	Net Profit after tax	Net sales	-0.06	0.28	-121%	-121% Net carnings is reduced due to Major Maintenance expenses during the year
<u> </u>	10	Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.04	0.06	-35%	-35% Net earnings is reduced due to Major Maintenance expenses during the year
	11 /	Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	3.89	4.93	-21%	-21% Decrease in Reporte by RBI and subsequent reduction of interest rate by banks and financial institutions







Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (All amounts ξ in lakh unless otherwise stated) Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

33 (b) Financial Ratios as per IGAAP

E.	A AAA							والمراجع
	S.No.	S.No. Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31st March 2022 3	1st March 2021	% Change Re	31st March 2022 31st March 2021 % Change Reason for Variance
		Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.14	1.56	37% Ci	37% Current ratio increased due to
							de	decrease in short term loan
<u>} </u>	0	Debt-Equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	2.95	3.59	-18% Du	-18% Due to repayment of term loan, the ratio decreased
t	3	Debt service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service =	Debt service = Interest	1.19	1.35	-11% NG	-11% Net carnings is reduced due to
		}	Net profit after taxes +	payments + Principal			W	Major Maintenance expenses
			Depreciation and amortisation + Interest + Non cash	Repayments			du du	during the year
			expenses					
i	4	Return on Equity ratio	Net profits after taxes+Non-	Shareholder's Equity	0.85	1.21	-30% Dt	-30% Due to Major Maintenance
			cash expenses				de <u>Cr</u>	expenses, the profitability decreases
.[5	Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA		
<u>t .</u>	9	Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivable	NA	NA		
L	2	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	15.04	13.88	8% TIh	8% The trade payables increased
							np	due to amount payable
	-						to	towards major maintenance
							ext	expenses
L	×	Net Capital turnover ratio	Net sales	Working capital = current	1.71	1.62	5% W.	5% Working capital decreased due
				assets - current liabilities			to	to decrease in MM reserves
							dw 246	which are utilised for 2nd
<u>I</u>							ZTAT	
	9	Net Profit ratio	Net Profit after tax+Non cash	Net sales	0.24	0.30	-19% Ne	-19% Net carnings is reduced due to
			expenses				Inc	increase in Major Maintenance
								expenses during the year
l	10	Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and	Capital Employed = Tangible	0.11	0.11	-3% Ne	-3% Net carnings is reduced due to
		•	taxes+Non cash expenses	Net Worth + Total Debt +			inc	increase of Major
				Deferred Tax Liability			Ma	Maintenance expenses during
							the	the year
14. 16. 19.	11	Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	0.03	0.04	-4% De	-4% Decrease in REPO rate by
Æ							RBI	
Ż	Mote:	Mote: The ratios are calculated as per IGAAP as the original financial model is prepared as per IGAAP and approved by the Lenders	LAP as the original financial mod	el is prepared as per IGAAP and	d approved by the Le	nders		

Ş ć he ratios are calculated as per 10.0MV as the original financial model is prepared as per 10.0MV (La Hyderabad)

Road



(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

	As at
	31 March 2022 31 March 2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account not provided for	
Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid	_
Other commitments	The Company has commitment of Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Service Fee and Periodic Maintenance Fee in terms of the O&M Agreement dated 14th May, 2007 entered into with Gayatr Project Limited.
Related party disclosures	
Name of related parties and nature of relationship	
Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Gayatti Highways Limited	Holding Company
Gayatri Projects Ltd	
India Infrastructure Fund	Enterprises in which Key Management personnel and/or their relatives have significant influence Entity having significant influence (more than 20% interest in the voting power)
Gayatti Jhansi Roadways Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
J. Brij Mohan Reddy	Director
Bajrang Lal Gupta	Director
Narayanan Gopalakrishnan	Director
Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	Director
Ashish Sharma, Company Secretary	Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")
U. Nagendra Varma, Chief Financial Officer	Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")
Rautan Singh, Chief Executive Officer	Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")

b) Transactions with related parties

	For the	year ended
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Gayatri Projects Ltd		
Operation & maintenance expenses	473.85	550.42
Major maintenance expenses	3,758.41	-
Gayatri Highways Limited		
Short-term Advance given	_	-
India Infrastructure Fund		
Short-term Advance given	-	-
Gayatri Jhansi Roadways Limited		
Remuneration to Chief Financial Officer	12.60	11.00
Remuneration to Company Secretary	7.02	4,41
Remuneration to Chief Executive Officer	13.74	13.7-
Sitiing Fees (including GST)		
M.V. Narasimha Rao		0.71
Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi	0.65	0.00
Bajrang Lal Gupta	0.65	0.71

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Sayatri Highways Limited		
Subscription of Equity	(1,621.80)	(1,621.80
Unsecured loan		(1)02110(
Short-term Advance	548.77	942.87
C. WITTAL & CONTRACT	Thyderabad Limits	M

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information

(All amounts ₹ in lakh unless otherwise stated)

35 Related party disclosures (continued...)

India Infrastructure Fund		
Subscription of Equity	(1,240.00)	(1,240.00)
Short-term Advance	546.70	925.30
Gayatri Projects Ltd		
EPC work	(8.15)	(8.15)
O & M Works	(287.80)	(90.86)
Gayatri Ihansi Roadways Limited		
Short-term Advance	784.90	784.90
Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")		
Chief Financial Officer	(0.76)	(0.75)
Company Secretary	(0.58)	(0.50)
Chief Executive Officer	(1.59)	(1.77)

36 Segment reporting

Based on the Company's business model and considering the internal financial reporting to the management, the Company has identified only one reportable segment i.e. "construction, operations and maintenance of roads, highways and toll roads"

37 Comparatives

Previous year comparatives have been reclassified and regrouped wherever necessary, to confirm to current years' presentation.

38 Events after the reporting period

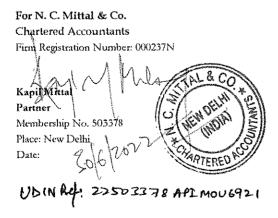
There are no significant events after the reporting period that substantially affect the financial position of the company.

39 Financial Asset : The Financial Income and O&M Income are part of total revenue by way of annuity receipts from NHAI (year on year) over the Concession Period. It is based on estimate of Annual and Periodic Maintenance, Interest income on outstanding Financial Asset (as per Ind-As) and recoveries towards Financial Asset such that the Financial Asset at the end of the Concession Period is nil. Changes if any in those estimates will be adjusted only if material and other than temporary (in nature) in relation to the cost of overall projects and recoveries towards it.

40 Impact of Covid-19 on Performance of the Company

The entire world is collectively entangled in fighting the Coronavinis/ COVID-19 pandemic, businesses are facing several financial and physical hardships due to the mandatory government lockdowns. During the FY 2021-22, the lock down period was in the month of April 2021 and May 2021 due to Govt. of India/State Govt. restrictions. The registered office and project office were closed during the period. However, the company has provided mandatory operation and maintenance services on the project road during the lockdown period.

The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) incorporated for execution of project "Improvement, Operation and Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Strengthening of existing 2-lane Road and widening to 4-lane Divided Highway of NH-25/26 in the state of Uttar Pradesh on Build Operate Transfer (BOT) on Annuity Basis". During the Financial Year 2021-22, the Company has received 2 annuities on due dates. There was no impact of COVID-19 on the performance of the Company during the year either on revenue or the expenses of the company. During mandatory lockdown and Govt, restrictions, the employees have worked from home intermittently. Hence, there was no impact on productivity of employees. The travelling cost was reduced significantly because the meetings with NHAI, lawyers, bankers were held through online mode. This is to highlight that the Company has received 24th and 25th Annuities on due dated during the year without any delay.



For and on behalf of Board of directors of Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Bajrang Lal Gupta Director DIN:0717577

U. Napr

U. Nagendra Varma Chief Financial Officer

Rautan Singh Chief Executive Officer Place: Hyderabad Date: 20.05.2022

Krishnamurthy Chaturvedi Director DIN:08661228

Ashish Sharma

Company Secretary



Form No MGT.11

PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: U45203TG2006PLC050554

Name of the company: Gayatri Lalitpur Roadways Limited

Registered office: 6-3-1090, T S R Towers, Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad - 500 082, Telangana, India

Name of the Member(s):

Registered Address:

E-mail Id:

Folio No/Client Id:

DP Id:

I/We being a member (s) ofShares of the above named Company, hereby appoint

1. Name:

Address:

E-mail Id:

Signature:...., or failing him

2. Name:

Address:

E-mail Id:

Signature:...., or failing him

3. Name:

Address:

E-mail Id:

Signature:...., or failing him

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 14th Annual General Meeting of the company, to be held on Saturday, the 24th Day of September, 2022 at 11.30 AM at the Registered Office of the Company situated at 6-3-1090, T S R Towers, Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad - 500 082, Telangana, India and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2022, Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended on 31st March, 2022 and reports of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. J. Brij Mohan Reddy, who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-appointment

Signed this..... day of..... 2022.

Signature of shareholder

Please Affix Revenue Stamp

Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Note:

- 1. This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.
- 2. It is optional to indicate your preference. If you leave 'for', 'against' or 'abstain' column blank against any or all of the resolutions, your proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he/she may deem appropriate.

GAYATRI LALITPUR ROADWAYS LIMITED

Regd. office: 6-3-1090, T S R Towers, Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad - 500 082, Telangana, India CIN: U45203TG2006PLC050554

ATTENDANCE SLIP

16th Annual General Meeting held on 24th Day of September, 2022 at Hyderabad

Regd. Folio No.	* DP ID:	
No. of Equity Shares held	* Client ID:	

Name of the Shareholder	
Name of Proxy	

I/We hereby record my / our presence at the 16th Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company held on Saturday, the 24th Day of September, 2022 at 11.30 AM at the Registered Office of the Company situated at 6-3-1090, T S R Towers, Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad - 500 082, Telangana, India

SIGNATURE OF THE MEMBER OR THE PROXY ATTENDING THE MEETING

If Member, please sign here

if proxy, please sign here

Note: This form should be signed and handed over at the Meeting Venue. * Applicable for investors holding shares in electronic form.